

New York, Oct. 29.—Silver, 49 3/8; Lead, \$4.75; Spelter, not quoted; Copper, firm, electrolytic, \$18.12 1/2.

WEATHER—UTAH: Fair Tonight and Saturday; Warmer in Southwest Portion Tonight.

Big Battle Is Imminent Between Franco-Serbian and Bulgarians

AUSTRO-GERMANS ARE ADVANCING OVER WIDE FRONT IN SERBIA

Bulgarians Threaten City of Nish and Place Serb Army in Critical Position—England and France Watching Greece—Germans Throw Serbian Forces Across Frontier and Storm Positions Both Sides of the Resava—Bulgars Between Grahovo and Strumitsa Cut Off and Annihilated.

Paris, Oct. 29, 2:30 p. m.—North of the river Aisne there was last night very severe fighting with bombs and grenades, according to the statement given out this afternoon by the French war office.

There was also a bombardment in the Champagne district in which both sides took part.

The text of the communication follows:

Yesterday evening there was fighting of particular violence with bombs and hand grenades to the north of the river Aisne in the sectors of Falaize and Quennewieres.

In the Champagne district the bombardment in which both sides took part, previously reported, continued during the night in the same locality namely near Tahure as well as in the vicinity of the work called 'La Courtine'.

There is nothing to report from the remainder of the front.

French Occupy Heights.

London, Oct. 29, 9:55 a. m.—Reuters' Athens correspondent learns from Serbian quarters that the French operations in the Strumitsa region have occupied the heights of Valandovo, Khabrava and Tatar Lisofre. These heights dominate Strumitsa, which is not expected to hold out much longer against the French attack.

There is no recent news in Athens from the northern Serbian front.

It is expected that Turkey is about to rescind its decree for the confiscation of the property of belligerents, owing to a threat of the entente powers to confiscate German property in belligerent countries.

Serbian Minister Dead.

Paris, Oct. 29, 1:20 p. m.—The Serbian legation announced today the death of Lazard Pasqu, former Serbian minister of finance. M. Pasqu was a member of the present Serbian cabinet. He resigned early this month on account of ill health.

Heavy Burden on Lille.

Amsterdam, Oct. 29, via London, 10:30 a. m.—The damage caused by the bombardment of Lille is estimated, the Telegraaf says, at 1,800,000 francs. War taxes imposed by the Germans upon the French manufacturing cities of Lille, Roubaix and Tourcoing, according to the same authority, already reaches several million francs. Meat is no longer obtainable in these towns.

Germans Hated Miss Cavell.

London, Oct. 29, 1:55 p. m.—The Hamburger Nachrichten, as quoted by Reuters' Amsterdam correspondent, says in an article under the heading: "Cavell cant" that the recent trial of the conspirators proves that German officials, whose duty, the newspaper says, is to tame and bribe Belgium, will not allow "any English woman or a subject of any other hostile nation to take shelter under the cover of charity or the costume of a nurse in order to assist our enemies behind the backs of our warriors."

Sentiment Is Forgotten.

"We have forgotten sentimentality," continues the Nachrichten, "as the imperial chancellor said, and regarding the forgiving of English malice, the kaiser has already spoken."

The newspaper says that Miss Cavell has become the Jeanne d'Arc of Brussels and an English national saint, but "she did not fight with the banner of the church in her left hand and a sword in the other."

King and Queen Represented.

King George and Queen Mary were represented by Edward W. Wallington groom in waiting to the king; Queen Alexandra by Earl Howe and Field Marshal Earl Kitchener by Surgeon General Alfred Keogh, director general of the British medical service.

Among the other prominent persons present were the premier and other members of the cabinet, representatives of Canada and the other dominions, the Belgian minister and Admiral Lord Charles Beresford. Miss Cavell's mother, other members of the family and deputation of various Red Cross, ambulance and nursing organizations also attending the service.

Turks Given Offices.

London, Oct. 29, 8:15 a. m.—A dispatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says that Professor Agaoglu Ahmed Bey of Constantinople Turkish minister of education and that Bedri Bey, former director of police, has been made Vail of Adrianople.

Review of War Situation.

London, Oct. 29, 12:18 p. m.—The first phase of the Austro-German-Bulgarian campaign in Serbia is completed. Not only have the invaders of Serbia realized the important objective of joining hands in the north-eastern corner of the country, but

they have enhanced this military advantage by procuring free passage down the Danube.

A flotilla of steamers is said to be already waiting to transport war material and if, as stated confidently by Austro-German and Bulgarian leaders, Serbia cannot interfere with these arrangements, Bulgaria's ammunition shortage should soon be realized and her offensive power greatly strengthened.

Bulgarian Troops Progress.

The progress of Bulgarian troops east and northeast of Nish both threatens the city and places the Serbian army in a position of increased danger. Moreover, like the union of Bulgarian and Teutonic armies further north, the capture of Nish would have more than mere military or strategic advantage, since it would make possible rapid establishment of railway communication through Belgrade, Nish and Sofia, among Austria, Germany and their allies.

From the north the Germans and Austrians are advancing over a wide front which runs slightly southeast from Valjevo and swings in a broad curve northeast almost to the Danube at Kladovo, where it joins the right wing of the Bulgarians.

Greece to Join Bulgarians.

Rumor continues to ascribe to the Greek government intentions hostile to the allied powers, even going so far as to say Greece has an understanding with Bulgaria and at the psychological moment will fall upon the allied troops which landed at Saloniki. No such designs are really credited to Greece in London, but England and France continue to watch the political situation at Athens with unceasing anxiety.

Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, said today that Greece's espousal of the cause of the central powers was an impossibility and similar assurances come from authoritative Greek sources.

The inactivity which has marked the situation on the western front for some time is still unbroken. In the east Field Marshal von Hindenburg's attack in the Riga district has entered upon no new phase.

The total British casualties during the war has nearly reached the half-million mark, the figures up to October 9, announced today, being 493,294.

Italians Making Furious Attacks.

The latest statement made by the Austro-Hungarian war office reports continuation of furious attacks on Austrian positions by the Italians. Several of these attacks already have failed, it is declared.

While Austro-German forces from the north and Bulgarian armies from the east are steadily pressing in on the Serbians, the situation in south Serbia is reported improved from the viewpoint of the entente allies.

The French operations in the southern sector of the Serbian front have been carried on so successfully that the fall of Strumitsa in Bulgaria is imminent, Athens hears.

Marching on Istip.

Advices through Paris are to the effect that the French and Serbians are now on the offensive northward along the railroad to Nish and are marching on Istip.

In the north, although the Austro-German advance is declared to have been retarded by bad roads progress all along the front is reported from the current statement in Vienna.

In France, Paris reports a continuation of the vigorous artillery combat in the Champagne, notably near Tahure and violent fighting with bombs and grenades to the north of the Aisne.

GREECE DENIES HOSTILE INTENT

Legation in London Ordered to Contradict Rumors of Intention to Menace Entente Allies.

London, Oct. 29, 2:17 p. m.—The Greek legation in London, in a statement issued today, disposes of reports from various sources recently spread broadcast regarding the position of Greece.

"Lately," says the statement, "there have appeared in the press various items of news derived from German, Austrian and Bulgarian journals and news agencies, and bearing upon the attitude and intentions of Greece, such as a mythical mission of M. Sophoulis (former governor of Macedonia) to King Ferdinand; a refusal of King Constantine to receive ministers of the entente powers; an intention by Greece to menace the security of

the allied troops at Saloniki, etc.

"The Greek minister has received telegraphic instructions from Premier Zaimis to contradict in the most categorical manner these rumors, which in spite of repeated denials, were propagated even in Athens, the malevolent object of which is only too evident in the endeavor to prejudice public opinion and sow suspicion and hostility between the entente powers and Greece."

SERBIA IN NEED OF MORE MEDICAL AID

New York, Oct. 29.—Serbia is still in great need of medical men and will not have enough physicians, surgeons and nurses to care properly for her wounded now that fighting has been resumed there, according to Dr. Richard P. Strong, head of the American Red Cross sanitary commission, who went to Serbia last spring. Dr. Strong said today that as relapsing fever and typhus are epidemic in the Balkan states, the situation must be watched and any outbreak of those diseases will require prompt and efficient measures.

He described the typhus epidemic in Serbia as the worst of modern times and estimated the number of deaths there from that disease at about 150,000.

ENTENTE MOVE CALLED FIASCO

Turkish Ambassador to Germany Views Allied Operations at Saloniki as Folly.

Amsterdam, Oct. 29, via London, 8:18 a. m.—Hakki Pasha, Turkish ambassador to Germany, declares in an interview published by a Berlin newspaper that the "fiasco" of the entente powers at Saloniki showed the folly of attempting an important military operation with 50,000 or 100,000 men. If the battle is to be extended to Syria, he added, Turkey is ready to send adequate forces, especially now that ammunition is going to Constantinople by way of the Danube.

In reply to a question regarding Egypt the Turkish ambassador said that the launching of another expedition against that country depended upon whether the war lasted long enough.

FIRST OIL BURNING BATTLESHIP READY

New York, Oct. 29.—The new superdreadnought Nevada, the first oil burning battleship of the United States navy, lay at anchor off Tompkinsville today ready for her government tests off the Maine coast. The Nevada, which was recently completed at Quincy, Mass., has been overhauled at the New York navy yard. The tests are expected to continue for about a week.

FOREIGN MINISTERS CONSULT CHINESE

Peking, Oct. 29.—The Russian minister, M. Krupenski, the British minister, Sir John Newell Jordan and Charge Obata of the Japanese legation consulted Foreign Minister Lu Cheng-ling yesterday at the foreign office concerning the possible results

of China's change to a monarchical form of government.

Charge Obata inquired whether President Yuan Shi Kai was confident that he could re-establish the monarchy without untoward results affecting the general peace in the Far East. He made a friendly suggestion on behalf of Japan that the change be delayed for some time at least, suggesting that disturbances in Shanghai and along the Yang-Tse valley in south China indicated opposition to the movement. He disclaimed any desire on the part of Japan to interfere with Chinese internal affairs, but urged that in case of a deadly struggle China's welfare as well as that of the entire world was dependent upon the prevention of further international disturbances.

Absolute confirmation is lacking of concurrence by England and Russia in the Japanese position, but it is generally believed that the three powers acted jointly.

JAPAN NOT FOR SEPARATE PEACE

Full and Complete Adherence to Declaration of Triple Entente Promised by Orientals.

London, Oct. 29, 2:40 p. m.—Japan has become a party to the agreement not to conclude a separate peace. Announcement was made today that a note was addressed to the Japanese government on October 19 inviting it to give adherence to the declaration of Great Britain, France and Russia, signed on September 5 of last year, that none of these nations would conclude a separate peace. On the same day that this request was made, Count Inouye, Japanese ambassador to Great Britain, replied that he had been authorized by his government "to give their full and complete adherence to the terms of this declaration."

Italy also is a party to this agreement, having given adherence to it at the time she entered the war last May.

HORRIFIED CROWD SEES DEATH DUEL

Storekeeper for Bridge Contractors Killed High Up in Arch by Fellow Workman.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 29.—A horrified crowd today saw a death duel high up in the arch of the new high level bridge over the Cuyahoga river in which Frank Wright, storekeeper for bridge contractors, was killed by a fellow workman with an iron bar.

The killing was witnessed by Wright's wife who was making her way up to him with his lunch. Police have arrested Jack Browning in connection with the crime.

The killing was preceded by a grim struggle in which the two men wrestled back and forth on the arch and both came near to falling into the river several times.

After Wright had been slain, the assailant jumped from platform to platform until he reached the ground, and then fled.

ITALIANS CAPTURE ARCHDUKE FERDINAND'S VILLA NEAR CARSO



After a severe bombardment the Italians near Carso in the Isonzo district captured the villa of the Austrian Archduke Francis Ferdinand. Photo shows the villa after the bombardment in possession of Italian soldiers.

BIG BATTLE AT ISTIP IMMINENT

Franco-Serbian Army Marching Against Bulgarians Who Are Entrenching Around Town.

WOMEN AGAINST WAR

Anti-German Movement in Constantinople Grows Daily Bulgars on Lower Timok Annihilated.

Paris, Oct. 29, 5:55 a. m.—The correspondent of the Havas News Agency at Athens, telegraphs upon Thursday's date, that the aspect of operations on the Serbian front is changing since the French successes at Veleles and Strumitsa. The Bulgarians, he says, are on the defensive northward along the Nish railroad. A big battle is expected in the neighborhood of Istip toward which the Franco-Serbian army is marching. The Bulgarians are entrenching themselves on the heights around the town.

Bulgars Are Annihilated.

According to dispatches received by Athens newspapers, the Bulgarians operating in the valley of the lower Timok between Grahovo and Strumitsa have been cut off and annihilated. Advices from Sofia say that at a meeting of military parties called to protest against the bombardment of Dedeagatch and Porto Lagos ended in disturbances during which subjects of the entente powers were severely handled.

Women Against War.

At Burges and Stara Zagora there was a demonstration by Bulgarian women against the war, the women crying "Give us back our men!" "We want bread." Police who interfered were received with showers of stones and troops had to be summoned before order was restored.

A dispatch from Saloniki says that a Bulgarian column moving toward Katsinik and Mitrovitza is seeking to join hands with the Austrians who have crossed the Drina.

Anti-German Movement Growing.

News from Constantinople, said to be authoritative, says that the anti-German movement is growing daily and that Ahmed Riza, leader of the young Turk party, who wished to interpellate the government regarding Turkey's reasons for entering the war, was not permitted to do so. The government has forbidden senators and deputies to discuss Turkish foreign policy.

Fresh Armenian massacres are reported in the region of Ourfa.

SERBIAN FORCES DRIVEN BACK

Teutonic Advance on Western Border Continue—Serbs Thrown Across Frontier.

Berlin, Oct. 29, via London, 3:53 p. m.—Serbian forces opposing the Teutonic advance on the western border of Serbia have been thrown across the frontier east of Visegrad (Bosnia). It was officially announced today by German army headquarters. Advances of the Austro-German armies and for the Bulgarian forces in other sectors of the Serbian front also are recorded.

The text of the statement regarding the Serbian operations is as follows: "Near Drinsko, south of Visegrad, the enemy has been driven back. East of that place he has been thrown across the frontier."

"West of the Morava the general

line of Sgarco-Vica-Rudnik-Cumic-Batocina has been reached.

"Southeast of Svilajnac enemy positions on both sides of the Resava were stormed. More than 1300 prisoners fell into our hands."

"On the front of General Boyadjeff's army the enemy has been weakening. This army is in pursuit."

SUFFERINGS OF WAR CAUSING DISEASES

New York, Oct. 29.—The sufferings and emotions of the war are straining the nervous system of millions of people in Europe and increasing organic diseases at a rapid rate, in the opinion of Dr. George W. Crile of Cleveland, a surgeon who was in charge of western reserve university, unit of the American ambulance corps in Paris.

Addressing the New York Academy of Medicine last night, Dr. Crile told how fear, anxiety, exertion, anger and hate engendered by war produce harmful effects. He described this as the "kinetic drive" and said it starts electric currents which generate acids in the human organism. As a result of these disturbances caused by conflict or by being deeply affected by it, Dr. Crile said, the brain, liver and kidneys are injured and chronic maladies may ensue. Photographs of soldiers were shown to demonstrate Dr. Crile's statements.

MITCHELL DAY IS CELEBRATED

Men in Anthracite Coal Fields Honor Fifteenth Anniversary of End of 1900 Strike.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 29.—This was Mitchell day throughout the anthracite field of Pennsylvania in honor of the fifteenth anniversary of the termination of the big strike of 1900, the first conducted in the hard coal belt by John Mitchell, then national president of the United Mine Workers of America.

In accordance with proclamations issued by their district officials, all men with the exception of engineers, pump runners and firemen remained idle.

The 1900 strike lasted six weeks and resulted in the granting of a 10 per cent wage increase and other concessions.

ESKIMOS KILL FOUR MEN AT HUDSON BAY

The Pas, Manitoba, Oct. 29.—Two Catholic priests and two prospectors are reported to have been murdered by Eskimos, north of Chesterfield Inlet, Hudson Bay, according to Captain Lockhart of the Royal Northwest Police. The village Belle which arrived here today from northern waters.

Captain Lockhart said he believed the four men had been murdered by the same inland tribe of Eskimos that attacked Radford and Street, the explorers. Peaceful shore Eskimos told him that the inland tribe had heard the constables were looking for the men who attacked the explorers, and therefore were suspicious or all strangers.

SANITATION IN ENGLAND PERFECT

London, Oct. 29, 2:18 p. m.—England's splendid sanitation and the unprecedented healthfulness of the British army is a saving feature in England's splendid record in the present war, according to a statement by Sir James Crichton-Browne, an eminent medical authority, before the Sanitary Inspectors' association today.

"With a larger army in the field than ever before," the speaker said, "the percentage of disease is lower than in times of peace."

DEMAND OF CHICAGO SWITCHMEN DENIED

Chicago, Oct. 29.—The eighteen railroads involved in a demand made a month ago by 4000 Chicago Switchmen for an increase of five cents an hour have rejected the demand, it was learned today, and committees representing the two sides will attempt to compromise the problem in conference.

Chauffeurs and truck drivers will meet Sunday to consider a strike, as their demands for more wages have been declined and their position has been upheld by the teamsters' union.

VIOLENT RIOTING IN BUCHAREST

Paris, Oct. 29, 2:30 p. m.—A dispatch to the Havas News Agency from Bucharest, filed last Sunday and delayed in transmission says a violent demonstration against the policy of the government took place there on that day. One faction of the manifestants sought to reach the palace, but was prevented by a large force of troops. Two of the leaders asked for an audience with King Ferdinand. A number of minor street disturbances occurred.

Dispatches from Amsterdam and Berlin on Tuesday referred briefly to this demonstration which was said to have been organized in favor of the entente allies.

GERMANS SUNK BY AUSTRALIANS

Missing Officers From Kronprinz Wilhelm Sent to Bottom by Enemy Cruiser Sydney.

REPORT TO U. S. LINER

Officers Board Liner to Say No Further Need to Search for German Interns.

Roanoke, Va., Oct. 29.—Tourists returning here from Bermuda say that on October 20 officers from the Australian cruiser Sydney boarded the liner Bermudan about fifty miles off Sandy Hook, N. J., on her last trip from New York to Bermuda and reported having sunk on October 19 the power yacht Eclipse with the six warrant officers of the interned German cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm. They say the Sydney reported all the German officers lost.

Passengers Tell Story.

Misses Estelle and Clemmie White, who were passengers on the Bermudan, said that about 5 o'clock on the afternoon of October 20 the Sydney hailed the liner and sent officers aboard. It was explained to passengers on the Bermudan that the Sydney's officers had come aboard to say there was no further need to watch for the escaped German officers. They say it was generally made known to the passengers that the Eclipse had been sunk the day before with all on board.

MINERS STRIKE AT PARK CITY

Operations at Silver King Coalition Mine Entirely Suspended—Men Dissatisfied.

Park City, Utah, Oct. 29.—Operations at the Silver King Coalition mine here and entirely suspended as the result of a strike of about 350 miners who quit work last night leaving only the mine watchmen on duty.

The men give dissatisfaction with a proposed hospital and accident fund as their principal grievance.

Officers of the company of which former Senator Thomas Kearns is vice president and general manager, say the strike was put in effect without grievances having been presented to the company.

WOMAN SENT TO AUBURN PRISON

Bilks Telephone Operator Out of All His Savings by Representing Herself as Millionaire.

New York, Oct. 29.—Mrs. Zorah Emma Johnson, an elderly woman, who by representing herself as the widow of Henry M. Flager, late Standard Oil millionaire, procured from J. J. Mahoney, a telephone operator, his savings and all he could borrow from relatives, a total of about \$5,200, was sentenced today by Judge Mulqueen to serve from three to nine years in Auburn prison.

At Mrs. Johnson's trial, Mahoney testified that he gave the money on her representation that she was Mrs. Flager and would make him her private secretary at \$20,000 a year. He was to receive also a bonus of \$100,000 when the defendant's mythical castle in Spain materialized.

MAXIM CONSULTS WITH SECRETARY

Device for Timing Explosions of Torpedoes From Aeroplanes to Be Tested by Experts.

Washington, Oct. 29.—Hudson Maxim of the advisory board of the navy, consulted with Secretary Daniels today regarding a device of his for timing the explosions of torpedoes from aeroplanes. Details were not made public and Mr. Maxim would not discuss it. He will take it up with ordnance experts of the navy to arrange tests.

YOUNG LADY FOUND DYING IN HOTEL

Chicago, Oct. 29.—The condition of Miss Mary Shinn, of Cedar Rapids, Ia., who was found near death from poison last night in her room in the Blackstone hotel, was much improved today, according to hospital physicians. The young woman who had registered at the hotel under an assumed name was said by an aunt to have been in the habit of taking drugs to alleviate severe headaches which she suffered.